

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 26.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1897.

NUMBER 48.

## Closing Out

ALL

## Shirt Waists

AT

## Reduced Prices.

## Everything

In the line of summer goods will be closed out at cut prices. Now on sale a fair quality brown sheeting at 3c yd. One bale extra heavy brown sheeting worth 9c our price 6c yd. Best quality Indigo Prints, 5c yd. We give you nice new goods and save you money.

**W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.**

## MAY TEDDERS and RAKES

At Lowest Prices.

We sell the Tiger Rake, best in the market.

A few Cultivators at prices to close.

Get our prices on

Hammocks and Baby Carriages.

**W. J. KNAPP.**

## Fresh Every Day:

New Potatoes, New Green Peas,  
New Cabbages, New Cucumbers  
and New String Beans.

Remember we carry a line of choice groceries.

**GEO. FULLER.**

## Annual Reduction Sale

.. OF ..

## Summer Millinery!

To make room for fall and winter goods.

Terms Strictly Cash.

**Mrs. J. STAFFAN.**

**JOHN BAUMGARDNER,**

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the country, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works '6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derriock 2-8 Miller Ave.

### Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, July 19, 1897.—In this correspondence last week it was pointed out that the world's conditions were favorable to a higher price for wheat, and the view then taken was fully justified by the events of the succeeding four days, during which time wheat steadily advanced until it reached 75½ cents for the July option and 71½ for September. This was an extreme rise of over six cents in two weeks, or practically ten per cent on the price of the product when the rapid appreciation began. From that high point there has been a natural reaction, but it is noticeable that these has been thus far no prospect of a return to former low figures.

On the other hand the feeling is one of buoyancy, and there is a belief that not only have the better prices of the past week come to stay, but that there is also a very good chance of even further betterment. That the foreigners are in immediate need of our grain is now beyond question, the only point being how much their requirements will aggregate. From information secured by their agents in the principal European markets Schwartz, Dupee & Co. estimate this shortage at from 125,000,000 to 150,000,000 bushels. There is no other place than the United States where this wheat can be bought, as India and Argentina are out of the market for sellers, and will be for months to come. Our crops of wheat and corn will undoubtedly be generous, but with present prices maintained, or more likely improved upon, an abundant harvest will be a source of enormous income to this country.

There was a feeling when the markets closed Saturday night that the bears would to-day make a strong effort to force prices down still further, they having succeeded in knocking them off over a cent from the high point. Cables were a trifle lower, and the opening trades at 69½ to 69½, were nearly half a cent under the Saturday close. There was a rally to 69½, however, and then an easier feeling, 69 cents for September being reached. There was quite a bunch of buying orders from abroad, and the later cables were more favorable. A sale of 140,000 bu. cash wheat for export hardened matters so that September rebounded to 70½ and was hard to beat below that point. An hour before the close there was a report that the English visible had decreased 1,387,000 bu. were taken here for export. This sent the bears flying to cover, and September went to 71½, closing only an eighth below that point, a net gain of 1½ cents from Saturday's close. The following table shows range of prices during the past ten days:

Close	Wheat Range Last Week	Close July 19
July 10	69½@75½	75
July 9	65½@61½	71½
Sept. 6	65½@61½	71½
July 25	25½@26½	26½
Sept. 26	26½@27	26½
July 17	17½@18½	17½
Sept. 18	17½@18½	17½
July 7	7.83½@7.52½	7.57
Sept. 7	7.85@7.60	7.62
July 2	3.77½@4.02½	4.10
Sept. 3	3.85@4.10	4.15
July 4	4.15@4.32½	4.40
Sept. 4	4.22½@4.40	4.45

FINANCIAL.

There has been a strong feeling in all forms of securities during the last week, and considering the considerable advance had previously it is remarkable well the market has held up. Of course sugar has been the leader, reaching 144½ to-day, a price never before known in the history of the stock, but the fluctuations of this security although showing that there is plenty of money to invest in dividend paying stocks cannot be taken as a criterion of the general situation of the market. But the steady rise of the graniger railroad stocks is something whose significance cannot be gainsaid. It shows that the present big crops and good prices for grain are taken as certain indications that the roads will have good business this fall, not alone on the long hauls of grain but also in inter-state commerce which will begin as soon as the crops are sold and the farmers and all who depend upon their success have money. Some of these evidences of prosperity are being discounted by shrewd men of means who are not afraid to let their capital follow their judgment, and the result is an unusually firm summer market for securities.

## YOU CAN BUY

AT THE

## Bank Drug Store:

19 pounds fine granulated sugar for \$1.00.

Can rubbers 5 cents per dozen.

25 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.

Herring 14 cents per box.

8-pound pails white fish for 38 cents.

5½ pounds Vail & Crane crackers for 25 cents.

10 pounds best rolled oats for 25 cents.

4 pounds choice prunes for 25 cents.

Keep posted on our prices and give us a share of your patronage, it will pay you.

It is economy for you to buy nothing but

First-class

We Have Them

Fruit Jars.

Drink Cherry and Grape Phosphate and remember that the Bank Drug Store is the place to buy everything in the line of drugs.

Silverware, Watches

and Clocks.

Highest market price for eggs.

## Glazier & Stimson

SUMMER

GOODS

CHEAP.

We are making some very low prices to close out on, Hammocks, Lawn Chairs, Baby Carriages, Velosipedes, Gasoline Stoves, Screen Doors, and Screen Windows, Fishing Tackle and Ice Cream Freezers.

**HOAG & HOLMES.**

See our 10-cent window.

## IF YOU WANT

To enjoy good health, try some of our

NICE JUICY STEAKS.

We can supply you with anything in the meat line. Orders promptly filled and delivered.

Fresh Fish every Friday.

Albert Eisele.

## For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.



THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

JULY-1897.

Calendar table for July 1897 with days of the week and dates.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches. CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Special Session.

The deficiency appropriation bill occupied the time of the senate on the 12th, but was not completed...

The general deficiency bill was passed in the senate on the 13th after an amendment had been adopted limiting the price to be paid for armor plate to \$300 per ton...

A resolution was reported in the senate on the 14th for the ratification of the Hawaiian annexation treaty and another asking the president to interfere in the case of the schooner Competitor...

Pacific railway affairs occupied the attention of the senate on the 15th. A joint resolution was passed accepting the invitation of France to participate in the Paris exposition of 1900...

DOMESTIC.

Z. T. Lewis, the famous bond forger, pleaded guilty at Urbana, O., and was sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 12th was: Wheat, 16,609,000 bushels; corn, 15,997,000 bushels; oats, 6,949,000 bushels; rye, 2,097,000 bushels; barley, 801,000 bushels.

The corn crop in Iowa, Nebraska and Missouri has been saved by a general rainfall.

Adam Winebrenner, of Beatrice, Neb., was taken from jail by a mob of indignant citizens and tarred and feathered for cruelly beating his stepdaughter.

Eight tramps were said to have been killed in a railway wreck near Boone, Ia.

Nicholas C. Creede, a millionaire mineowner, after whom the town of Creede, Cal., is named, committed suicide at Los Angeles, Cal., because of domestic trouble.

The remains of the late Senator Harris were interred with appropriate ceremonies in Glenwood cemetery at Memphis, Tenn.

The city of Oakland, Cal., entertained in a most hospitable manner 15,000 delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention.

The Midland national bank and the National bank of commerce in Kansas City, Mo., have consolidated.

W. J. Immel shot and killed his sweetheart, Kitty Askew, and then shot himself at Vancouver, B. C. A quarrel was the cause.

Three men named Blackstone, Bottcher and Mollique were frozen to death in Alaska while endeavoring to carry mail from Sunrise City across the glacier to Prince William Sound.

The reports as to the condition of the crops throughout the country were favorable.

Aaron Johnson, Miss Della Nevins and Mabel Yoke were killed in a runaway near Belle Plaine, Ia.

During a fit of insanity Alexander Alatiguy fatally cut his wife in San Francisco and then killed himself.

The eleventh annual convention of the Association of Agricultural Colleges began in Minneapolis, Minn.

The Minnesota board of pardons refused to grant pardons to Cole and Jim Younger, the surviving members of the outlaw band who attempted to raid a bank at Northfield, Minn., in 1876.

The consolidation at Peoria, Ill., of the Bank of Commerce, a state institution, with a capital of \$200,000, with the Merchants' national bank was announced.

Thomas F. Kippie was hanged at Hartford, Conn., for the murder of his wife.

Charles Brown, who on May 14 last murdered Mrs. Colstone, was hanged at Deadwood, S. D.

Two large reservoirs in the Fishkill mountains near Fishkill, N. Y., burst their walls and flooded the Dutchess valley, doing great damage to property and causing the death of probably a dozen persons.

R. C. Heydlauff committed suicide at Ashland, Wis., while on trial for forgery.

The prospect for a settlement of the great miners' strike by arbitration was brighter than at any time since the struggle began.

The Furniture Dealers' National association at its final session at Grand Rapids, Mich., elected A. J. Conroy, of Cincinnati, president.

The Central block, the largest building in Pueblo, Col., was burned, the loss being \$300,000.

President McKinley has issued an order suspending the operation of ex-President Cleveland's order consolidating the pension agencies of the country and reducing their number to nine from 18.

The Cheyenne Indians were again making trouble for the white people near the reservation in Montana.

Leonard J. Crawford, of Newport, Ky., was elected president of the National Republican league at the annual meeting in Detroit, Mich.

The Nebraska national bank of York, Neb., closed its doors with liabilities of \$50,000.

Frank Simard, Joseph Lavoie and George Terrien were drowned at Manchester, N. H., by the upsetting of a boat.

John Chpun and Robert Hatfield were killed and six other men were badly injured in a railway wreck near West Alton, Ill.

A treasury statement says that the excess of exports over imports during the last fiscal year was \$287,613,186, being \$23,000,000 over any previous year.

A new counterfeit ten-dollar silver certificate of the series of 1891, check letter D, has been discovered in Washington.

The seventh international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America began in Chattanooga, Tenn.

Anthony Williams (colored), who outraged and murdered Miss Rene Williams, an 18-year-old white girl, was shot and then burned by a mob at West Point, Tenn.

Fire in San Francisco destroyed the manufactory and warehouse of the Charles M. Yates company, the loss being \$120,000.

A landslide in the mountains near Lincoln, Vt., ruined several fine farms.

The Trans-Mississippi congress met at Salt Lake City, Utah, with delegates present from every state and territory west of the Mississippi river.

Santa Fe railway officials report that there will be a yield of 60,000,000 bushels of wheat in Kansas.

A statue of Father Marquette was unveiled at Marquette, Mich., his namesake city.

An order has been issued forbidding the sale of liquor in the restaurants of the Maine Central railroad.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Columbus R. Cummings, one of the most prominent capitalists of Chicago, died at the age of 63 years.

George Van Ness Lothrop, ex-minister to Russia, died at his home in Detroit, Mich., aged 80 years.

Chauncey Lamb, a pioneer lumberman, died at Clinton, Ia., aged 81 years.

The tenth annual convention of the National League of Republican Clubs opened in Detroit, Mich., with a large attendance.

Mrs. Annie Gipson, aged 108 years, died at Decatur, Ill.

H. M. Higgins, a famous song writer, died at his home near San Diego, Cal., aged 77 years.

Frank McLaughlin, proprietor of the Philadelphia Times, died of rheumatic gout at his residence in that city.

The national democrats of Kentucky met in state convention at Louisville and nominated John R. Hinman for clerk of the court of appeals, and in their platform denounced the free coinage of silver and endorsed the platform adopted at Indianapolis last year.

Gen. John F. Farnsworth, a member of congress for 14 years from the Second district of Illinois, died at his home in Washington, aged 77 years.

The National League of Republican Clubs in session at Detroit selected Omaha as the meeting place next year.

FOREIGN.

In a railway disaster at Gjentofte, Denmark, 32 persons were killed and 84 injured.

The English wheat crop will show an average of 28 bushels to the acre, which is about 20 bushels below the normal.

Advices from Turkey say that the sultan was preparing to resume war with Greece.

At Spezia, the Italian war harbor, very successful experiments were made with a wireless telegraph.

It was stated that the ambassadors of the powers had arranged a plan of coercion by which Russia would blockade the Bosphorus and England the Dardanelles, while Austria would seize the railway at Salonica.

Hawaii offered to refer to arbitration the immigration question pending between herself and Japan, but the Tokio government ignored the proposition.

Floods caused by a heavy rain did great damage in the southern part of Quebec and many people were homeless.

A fire in Berlin, Germany, in the center of the dress and mantle trade caused a loss of 7,000,000 marks.

It was said that the governments of Spain and Japan had arranged an offensive alliance against the United States for the mutual protection of Cuba and Hawaii.

An earthquake shock at Laibach, Austria, did great damage to many buildings and the people were panic stricken.

Immense discoveries of gold were reported just across the Alaskan boundary in British territory.

The annual convention of the Epworth league began in Toronto, Ont. Secretary Sherman's letter to Lord Salisbury on the Behring sea regulations has raised a storm of indignation in the London newspapers.

LATER.

John Bridges, Charles Sweeney and L. Montgomery, young boys, were killed by the cars near Austin, Tex.

There were 263 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 16th, against 206 the week previous and 269 in the corresponding period of 1896.

Juan Adams and his brother, who murdered Alberto Mondragon, were legally shot at Ciudad Porfirio, Mexico.

Major Terrel, a negro who assaulted Mrs. Martin Thomas, a white woman, near Elba, Ala., and then burned the woman and her baby to death, was taken from jail by a mob and hanged.

The fruit crop of Missouri this year is estimated to be worth over \$20,000,000.

In a jealous rage Frank W. Phelan, of St. Louis, fatally wounded Kittie M. Wadsworth in a Chicago saloon and then killed himself.

Anthony Edwards, aged 104 years, joined the Grand Army of the Republic in St. Louis.

For the second time Charles W. Spalding, ex-treasurer of the University of Illinois, was found by a jury in Chicago not guilty of embezzling endowment bonds of the institution.

Throughout the country every feature of the business outlook was said to be encouraging.

At the Japanese legation in Washington no credence is given to the report that the Spanish and Japanese governments have entered into an alliance against the United States.

E. H. Ten Eyck, the American oarsman, won the finals in the great diamond scull races on the Thames at Henley, England.

In session at Chattanooga, Tenn., the Baptist Young People's union reelected as president John H. Chapman, of Chicago.

Tewfik Pasha, the foreign minister, informed the ambassadors that the sultan had agreed in the principle of the demands of the powers and was prepared to accept their views on the peace conditions.

During the last fiscal year 1,629 immigrants entered this country through San Francisco, against 1,411 in 1895-6.

Near the town of Red Bluff, Cal., a dozen residences were burned and cattle ranges destroyed by a forest fire, the loss being over \$100,000.

The republican conferees on the tariff bill finished their work.

The reports of great gold discoveries in Alaska have caused intense excitement at Seattle, Wash., and hundreds of persons were leaving for the new gold fields.

James B. Angell, new United States minister to Turkey, accompanied by his wife, sailed from New York for Turkey.

C. F. Crocker, of San Francisco, first vice president of the Southern Pacific Railroad company, and worth \$20,000,000, died of paralysis, aged 42 years.

John Stevens, who was entombed in the Mammoth mine at Goldfield, A. T., on July 4, has been rescued alive. During his 15 days underground he was without food.

The sawmill, pulpmill and 100,000 feet of lumber belonging to the Royal Paper Mill company was burned at East Argus, O., the loss being \$150,000.

At the annual meeting in Toronto, Ont., of the Epworth league Indianapolis, Ind., was chosen as the place of meeting next year.

Harry Sidwell, of Covington, Ky., in a mile race at Cincinnati for time, made the distance in 1:46 3-5, breaking the world's former amateur bicycle record.

The American Baptist Missionary union and the American Baptist Home Mission society have succeeded in wiping out their joint debt of \$485,000.

Mrs. Mary E. Lease is a candidate for governor of Kansas on the populist ticket.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 18th were: Boston, 706; Cincinnati, 682; Baltimore, 657; New York, 588; Cleveland, 565; Philadelphia, 466; Pittsburgh, 456; Brooklyn, 443; Chicago, 431; Louisville, 429; Washington, 388; St. Louis, 214.

The session of the United States senate on the 16th was brief and uneventful. A bill was passed to give the consent of congress to a compact entered into between South Dakota and Nebraska respecting the boundary between said states. The house agreed to the partial conference report on the general deficiency bill and concurred in the senate amendment fixing the limit of cost for armor plate at \$300 per ton.

Senator Morgan (Ala.) occupied most of the time in the United States senate on the 17th in support of a resolution relating to the Union Pacific railway. In executive session a number of nominations were confirmed and the nomination of Terrence V. Powderly, of Pennsylvania, to be commissioner-general of immigration was received from the president. In the house no business was transacted.

GOLD BY THE TON.

Alaskan Fields Yield Fabulous Returns of Dust.

Hundreds Prepare to Leave Seattle for the New Eldorado—Vessel Arrives with Over \$1,000,000—Stories of Lucky Hunters.

Seattle, Wash., July 19.—The reports of great gold discoveries in Alaska have caused intense excitement here. Policemen are resigning from the force; every street car man that can raise a stake has given notice to his company. In fact, all classes of society are represented in the feverish rush to get north. Men neglect their business and congregate in groups on the streets in excited discussions. People are telegraphing friends and relatives in the east to come and join them in the new Eldorado.

The steamer Portland is here from the Klondyke and has brought in treasure weighing more than a ton and value at not less than \$1,000,000. Shortly after the arrival two miners, Clarence Berry and Frank Phiscador, carried a basketful of dust to the Northern Pacific express office. It weighed a little more than 300 pounds, and was valued, roughly estimated, at \$75,000. Pointing to the three boxes and a large safe in the corner of his cabin, Capt. Kidston said: "These boxes and that safe contain in round figures over \$900,000 in gold, and that metal weighs nearly 1 1/2 tons. Out of the 68 passengers there is hardly a man on board who has less than \$5,000, and one or two have over \$100,000."

Capt. Kidston said that the richness of the Klondyke had not been exaggerated. He predicted that many millions would be taken from the placers during the present season—perhaps as much as \$18,000,000. Clarence Berry, of Fresno, Cal.; Frank Phiscador, of Montana, and Frank A. Keller, of Los Angeles, each had from \$35,000 to \$100,000. Henry Anderson and Jack Morden, of Chicago, William Stanley, of Seattle, and R. McNultie and N. E. Pickett each had at least \$20,000. M. Mercer, J. J. Hillerman and J. Morgan each had from \$12,000 to \$15,000. The average pile of dust on board the Portland was probably \$12,000, and these people, the captain said, are only a handful.

All the returning miners unite in warning people who contemplate going there to bring at least a year's supplies and plenty of warm clothing, for those unused to frontier life will suffer much during the winter. Provisions are extremely costly, flour selling at \$60 a sack and other articles in proportion, and each man should take at least a ton of provisions.

There can be no doubt that the strikes in the Yukon valley are the richest ever known. Instances are common where pans of gold have yielded \$100 and occasionally much more. It is generally conceded though that all of the territory where the richest strikes were made have been staked, and that so far as those districts are concerned it is useless for anyone to think of making locations. But there are other streams, all of which are known to have gold-bearing bars, but it is extremely doubtful whether their richness will equal the famed El Dorado and Bonanza creeks of the Klondyke.

COL. CROCKER DEAD.

California Millionaire Succumbs to an Attack of Paralysis.

San Mateo, Cal., July 19.—Col. C. F. Crocker, died Saturday night at his home near here. The end came at 7:15 p. m., while he was in the unconscious condition in which he had been for more than three days. Several members of the family were by his bedside at the last moments. He passed peacefully away without a struggle.

[Col. Crocker was first vice president of the Southern Pacific railroad and was the manager of the western end of the system. He had gone through the various departments from clerk to the position he held at his death and knew every detail of the business. He was a shrewd financier and had added to the \$7,000,000 left him by his father. He was 43 years old and leaves three children. His wife died some years ago.]

TO MOVE NEW WHEAT.

Thousands of Empty Grain Cars Sent Into Kansas.

Kansas City, Mo., July 19. — Long trains of empty freight cars have rolled out of Kansas City for two weeks and dropped off in two's and three's and five's on side tracks along the lines of the railroads in Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska and Oklahoma. These empty cars, of which there are thousands, will be filled with new '97 wheat inside of four or five weeks. A tremendous grain rush is expected, and the best of management by railroad officials will be needed to prevent a huge grain blockade, or a grain-car famine. Conservative estimates of crop statisticians place the yield of wheat for this year in Kansas alone at 60,000,000 bushels.

Fires Do Much Damage.

San Francisco, July 19.—Forest and field fires are doing much damage in various parts of this state. Near the town of Red Bluff about a dozen residences have been burned, cattle ranges destroyed and standing crops are threatened. The loss is already over \$100,000. The hills near the town of Kenwood are in flames, and many farms are in danger. In the vicinity of Mount Diablo fire is laying waste the fields and the mountain houses are threatened.

She Had Scrofula

Purified the Blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. "I was troubled with scrofula for eight years, and I had as many as eight running sores at one time. Nothing seemed to do me any good until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I continued using this medicine until I had taken six bottles, when the sores on my side were perfectly well. Mrs. A. G. HANCOCK, Rolfe, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion.

THE LARGEST SINGLE ORDER FOR CREAM SEPARATORS EVER GIVEN.

A Noted Iowa Creamery Operator Orders Five Hundred at One Time.

W. I. Moody, Iowa's greatest creamery operator, estimates that it costs an average of 19 cts. per 100 lbs. to haul milk to a creamery and haul the skim milk away again. He is going to save all this by placing with his patrons Dairy Separators, and his wagons call for the cream.

In this way the farmer will get the full advantage of the Separator and creamery systems, will have the warm fresh skim milk at home for stock feed and will not be at the expense of carting his milk to a creamery.

Before ordering these 500 Separators used at over \$50,000, the merits of all the different Dairy Separators on the market were very thoroughly considered and practical tests were made by Mr. Moody.

It was finally decided that the Sharp Separators, made at West Chester, Pa., were the most desirable and best made machines, and though costing a little more money, it was thought they were well worth the difference asked, and the order was given to that company.

His Superior.

"I am usually rated as a clever performer," modestly remarked the well-known prestidigitator. "The press and public accord me a gratifying high standing, and my fellow artists are pleased to look upon my work as being skillful beyond that of my competitors; I have always regarded myself being a past master in the art and science of legerdemain. But yesterday I met a great man who is so clearly my superior that I know myself to be but the merest struggling with the rudiments of my profession. I can cause a small flowering plant or shrub to grow from the seed in a few moments in full view of the astonished audience, but the man of whom I am speaking has created an enormous family tree, hundreds of years old, in a few hours."—X. World.

Visitors to Lincoln Park in Chicago will be delighted with the souvenir book this beautiful spot now being distributed. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company. It is a magnificent publication, 96 pages full of overflowing with delicious half-tone pictures of one of Creation's most charming places of resort for citizens of the Great Republic.

No stranger visiting Chicago should without a copy of the "Souvenir of Lincoln Park." It can only be procured by enclosing twenty-five (25) cents, in coin or postage stamps, to Geo. H. Headford, general passenger agent, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago.

Into the Secret.

She—Why do you never compliment me on my complexion now that we're married? I've got it still.

He—Yes, but now I know where you got it.—Yellow Kid Magazine.

To Whom It May Concern.

This is to call the attention of the public to the fact that the Wisconsin Central Lines have two fast trains daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth, touching all the important points in Central Wisconsin en route. The Company has thousands of acres of fine farming lands in Northern Wisconsin for sale. For complete information on the subject, address Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee.

The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee.

It does not cost over 1/4 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Try Grain-O!

Advertisement for Crescent Bicycle, Western Wheel Works, Chicago, Ill. Price \$75 to \$50. Includes text: RIDE A CRESCENT BICYCLE. Western Wheel Works. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. CATALOGUE FREE.

Advertisement for Hartshorn's Self-Acting Hairbrush. Includes text: HARTSHORN'S SELF-ACTING HAIRBRUSH. NOTICE. NAME THIS. THE GENUINE. HARTSHORN'S.

Advertisement for Fisco's Cure for Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, etc. Includes text: FISCO'S CURE FOR COUGHS, CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH, ASTHMA, ETC. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Cures in time. Sold by druggists.







# A Line of Specials

Offered by us which for quality, and excellence are absolutely not duplicated in this market.

**Jackson Gem Flour, Taylor's Entire Wheat Flour, Kiln Dried Corn Meal, Chipped Beef, Billed Ham, Full Cream Cheese, Brick Cheese, Baked Goods, Jamori Coffee, Pure Spices of Known Strength, Extracts that are True to Name.**

We are constantly striving to furnish our customers with the Best of everything in the way of First-class Eatables. Knowing that to succeed in building up and maintaining a permanent trade, we must please our patrons in every possible way. As a result of this policy we are pleased to note the general satisfaction of our customers.

**FREEMAN'S.**

## Did You Ever

Stop to think that it pays to look around before you purchase a

**Harness, Buggy, Organ or Piano?**

Before purchasing, it will pay you to call at my store, inspect goods and get prices.

Special attention is called to our Shining Light Axle Grease and Harness Oil, machine and coach oils of all kinds, pure vegetable castor oil for buggies.

Also a complete stock of horse furnishing goods.

**C. STEINBACH.**

## "WE KNOW"

How close money matters are with you, and we are prepared for close buyers.

**TRY US**

And be satisfied that we are right.

**GEO. WEBSTER.**

## Good Things to Eat At Eppler's Market.

**Home-grown Meats and Poultry.**

We are always supplied with Hams and Bacon for which our market is famous. They are cured by our own process and have no superior. Pure steamed kettle rendered lard a specialty. Try our Summer Sausage. Orders promptly filled and delivered.

**ADAM EPPLER.**

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



**GEO. E. DAVIS,**

Everybody's  
Auctioneer.

Headquarters  
at  
HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnished  
Free.

**SUBSCRIBE**

for the

**HERALD.**

### Chelsea and Vicinity.

J. F. Zeis spent Sunday in Grass Lake. Guy Lighthall was a Dexter visitor last Sunday.

Jas. Rowe, of Francisco, spent Tuesday in town.

Dr. J. C. Buell of Jackson, spent Wednesday in town.

The Misses Satie and Lulu Speers spent Tuesday in Jackson.

Miss Franis Wallace is visiting relatives at Jackson this week.

Mrs. Orla Taylor of Detroit is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Taylor.

Mrs. E. Wright, of Detroit, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Wood.

Miss Elyes Goodell of Detroit is the guest of Miss Effie Armstrong.

Miss Adeline Zang of Hillsdale is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. Spragle.

Miss Edna Grenning of Grass Lake, is the guest of Chelsea friends this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Tassel of Chicago, visited relatives in Lima the past week.

Miss Nellie Lownsbury, of Ypsilanti, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Davis.

Mrs. L. Thomas, of Pittsburgh, Pa., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Leach.

John Parker of Ann Arbor is the guest of friends at Cavanaugh Lake this week.

Mrs. Jacob Staffan and Miss Margaret Miller spent part of this week in Cleveland.

Dr. R. C. Hepburn of Ewart, visited Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Staffan Saturday of this week.

Miss Fredrika Gillett, of Ann Arbor, is the guest of Mrs. H. M. Woods at Cavanaugh.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Cooper, of Albion, are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. R. S. Armstrong.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams of Washington, D. C., visited Mr. and Mrs. J. Staffan Saturday last week.

Master Warren Cushman of Francisco is caring for a broken arm, the result of a kick from a horse.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Blaich attended the B. Y. P. U. convention at Chattanooga, Tenn. the past week.

Rev. Iron of Freedom has been re-elected president of the Michigan district of the Evangelical synod.

A special meeting of Olive Chapter O. E. S., will be held Wednesday evening July 28th for initiation.

The Misses Emma Weitbrecht and Eliza Armbruster of Ann Arbor, are visiting the Misses Girbach for a few days.

Master Eugene Look caught a 4-pound bass in Cavanaugh last Monday, the largest taken from that lake this season.

Miss Edith Noble of Ann Arbor, is spending a few days at Cavanaugh the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Howlett.

The huckleberry crop which promised to be so abundant this spring will be almost a failure. The berries dry up and fall off the bushes.

Ichthyol is said to be better than ammonia for curing insect bites. It reduces the inflammation quickly and effectively. After a few minutes the pain, burning or itching ceases, and the swelling around the bite decreases rapidly. Ichthyol can be applied either in the shape of an ointment or on a plaster.

An eclipse of the sun, the last one for this year, is scheduled to occur July 29. It is an annual eclipse, and will be visible in the United States. It begins at 6:50 in the morning and ends at 10 o'clock in the evening. According to weather prophet Hicks it will be followed by atmospheric disturbances and accompanied by severe rains and thunder storms.

The Michigan Central has posted the following notice: "On and after July 18, all mileage books issued by this company will be limited to expire December 31 and such tickets will not be honored on trains or accepted for passage." This is the first step toward adopting interchangeable mileage books, good on thirty-nine railroads, to be issued shortly.

Here is the latest remedy to be used as a preventative of flies: Take five cents worth of oil of lavender, mix with the same quantity of water (not five cents worth) put it in an atomizer and spray it around the rooms where flies are apt to congregate, especially in the dining and sick room. It has a clean, fresh odor, agreeable to most people but disagreeable to flies, who will not venture in its neighborhood.

Notice to the patrons of the Chelsea Waterworks Company.—We are now prepared to obtain for our patrons, fire insurance in thoroughly reliable companies on dwellings, barns and contents, at a little less than half the ruling rates in Chelsea for the past five years. Chelsea is now listed as one of the very best protected towns, by waterworks, as far as extended in Michigan. Yours for health, comfort and protection, Chelsea Water Works Company.

### State Teachers' Institute.

The State Teachers' Institute, for Washtenaw County, will be held at Ypsilanti, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., Monday, August 9, and closing at 4 p. m. Friday, August 13. Commissioner W. H. Lister, Saline, local committee.

A good institute is of incalculable value to the teacher and to the person preparing to enter the profession. It gives inspiration and suggestion to the progressive teacher, and leads the novice to prepare more thoroughly and hold higher ideals of the teacher's work. A good institute is a genial, lively, methodical, systematic, or dully, enthusiastic school. Instructors have been selected who have had much practical experience in the school room and know how to give others a portion of what they have thus learned. It is confidently expected that this will be one of the best institutes ever held in the county.

The work will combine professional and academic instruction. The institute will be divided into sections; and the instructors will conduct classes for the purpose of reviewing some studies, and also to illustrate up-to-date methods of instruction. The workers have been urged to arrange for calisthenic exercises, singing, marching, and the like, so as to make the work move off cheerily and without fatigue.

The time for study at the institute will be necessarily limited and; in order to permit the most profitable of class exercises, the following topics are suggested, so that those who purpose attending may be thinking and reading along the lines to be followed.

**ARITHMETIC**—(1) Mental arithmetic drill. (2) Cancellation as applied to analysis, proportion, and percentage (including bank discount.) (3) Business forms.

**ALGEBRA**—(1) Analysis of definitions and discussion of signs. (2) Factoring. (3) Affected quadratics.

**GEOMETRY**—(1) Definitions. (2) Construction of problems, with demonstration of the same.

**BOTANY**—Elementary instruction.

**CIVIL GOVERNMENT**—(1) Similarity of government of county, state, nation. (2) Discussion of last special session of congress.

**HISTORY**—(1) Progress during the past thirty years in science, invention, industry, and education. (2) Finance. (3) Important current events.

**GEOGRAPHY**—(1) Lessons on relief forms and the causes that produce them. (2) Study of the forces that are everywhere at work modifying the earth's surface. (3) Practical illustration of how to correlate geography and history, by topical lessons about the countries now attracting universal attention.

**GRAMMAR**—(1) Practical drill in the art of expression, both oral and written. (2) Common errors of speech. (3) Analysis of sentences selected from the little classic used for literary work, or of difficult sentences handed in.

**LITERATURE**—Any one of the following may be used for this work, as the instructor may select: "Irying Westminster Abbey," No 93 of the Maynard & Merrill Classics; Lowell's "Vision of Sir Launfal," No. 30 of the Houghton & Mifflin Riverside series; "Merchant of Venice," American Book Co's Eclectic English Classics.

**ORTHOGRAPHY**—(1) Word Analysis, using the little classic selected for literary work. (2) Pronunciation contest (either oral or written) making the list from physiological terms (including the names of diseases) geographical terms, names of noted personages, and words that are generally mispronounced.

**PHYSIOLOGY**—(1) School hygiene. (2) Prevention of communicable diseases—see Health Office circulars. (3) Critical analysis of the process of human growth and repair, with special reference to concise and accurate methods of expression.

**PETAGOGY**—(1) Child study. (2) Talks based on "Psychology and Psychic Culture" by Halleck, the book adopted for the Reading Circle work for the coming year.

The preceding topics are given to aid in a proper preparation for the work. Teachers should bring books for reference along the line of topics suggested, and even a weeks institute may be made very profitable with class work and lectures combined.

The institute law allows teachers, whose schools are in session at the time appointed for the county institute held under the direction of the State Superintendent, to close their schools during the continuance of such institute, without forfeiting their wage, for as many half days as they are in attendance at the institute.

There will be no enrollment fee, and every teacher or would-be teacher should arrange to attend every session. Try to be present at the first session.

Full particulars in regard to board, etc., may be obtained upon application to the local committee.

J. E. HAMMOND,  
Superintendent of Public Instruction

## G. W. Palmer,

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

## H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon,

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

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**DENTISTRY** in all its branches done in a very careful manner and as reasonable as first-class work can be done. Crown and bridge work adjusted so as to be very useful. Where this cannot be used we make five different kinds of plates—gold, silver, aluminum, Watts metal and rubber. Special care given to children's teeth. Both gas and local anesthetic used in extracting. Am here to stay. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. Office over Kempf Bros' Bank.

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Attorney at Law

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If you want insurance call on Gillert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

## F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1897:

Jan. 12; Feb. 16; Mar. 16; April 13; May 11; June 8, July 13; Aug. 10; Sept. 7; Oct. 5; Nov. 2; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 7. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

## The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

**Wanted—An Idea** Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. for their \$1.50 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect July 4th, 1897.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

No 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:20 A. M.  
No 36—Atlantic Express... 7:00 A. M.  
No 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 A. M.  
No 4—Mail and Express... 3:15 P. M.

GOING WEST.

No 3—Mail and Express... 10:00 A. M.  
No 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:30 P. M.  
No 7—Chicago Night Express... 10:20 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.  
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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# H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

## --- Clothing Dept.

Have you bought a new Crash Hat yet?

We have new  
We are making Special Prices on  
We are offering good, serviceable, stylish Straw Hats at

25, 35 and 50 Cents Each.

Odd Pants. ---

We shall close out a large lot of odd Pants at Reduced  
These are mostly Pants taken from suits, and we can afford to and  
close them out very Cheap.

Good Pants at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

These are New Goods, and are Cheap

## H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Butterick Patterns for August now on Sale.

# Trade One Dollar

And get a Beautiful Crayon Picture

## FREE.

JNO. FARRELL.

will not be undersold.


To Lovers of Good Bread---

## BUY DEXTER FLOUR!

None Better.

Every Sack Warranted. Premium with  
every five empty sacks returned.

For sale only by  
**John Farrell.**

The Coast Line to MACKINAC  
--- TAKE THE ---  
  
TO MACKINAC  
DETROIT  
PETOSKEY  
CHICAGO  
New Steel Passenger Steamers  
The Greatest Perfection yet attained in  
Construction—Luxurious Equipment,  
Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Effi-  
cient Service, insuring the highest degree of  
COMFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY  
FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN  
Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac  
PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE  
AND DULUTH.  
LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and  
Detroit, including meals and Berths. From  
Cleveland, \$18; from Toledo, \$15; from  
Detroit, \$13.50.  
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE.  
Between Detroit and Cleveland  
Connecting at Cleveland with Earliest  
Trains for all points East, South and South-  
west and at Detroit for all points North and  
Southwest.  
Sunday Trips June, July, August and Sept. Only  
EVERY DAY BETWEEN  
Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo  
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and if you save enough money  
you'll get rich. A good way to  
begin saving is to get your  
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## THE HERALD OFFICE.

### Here and There.

August 5th, the M. C. R. R. will give a  
very low rate to Niagara Falls. Tickets  
good five days including date of sale.

Money is very welcome in these days.  
A man who had to leave his office and was  
expecting a caller to pay him some money  
left this notice on the door: "I have gone  
out for half an hour. Will be back  
soon. Have been gone twenty minutes al-  
ready."—Tit-Bits

According to the county treasurer's  
books there are in this county 65 liquor li-  
cense extant for the present year, located  
as follows: Ann Arbor 31, Ypsilanti 10,  
Manchester 8, Chelsea 5, Dexter 4, Saline  
3, Milan 2, Bridgewater Station 1, Lodi 1,  
Whitmore Lake 1. There are also 5 brew-  
ery licences as follows: Ann Arbor 2, Yp-  
santi 2, Manchester 1.

For a small patch of cabbage nothing is  
better than an application of hot water for  
killing insects and worms. It should be  
applied as hot as possible with a sprink-  
ling pot, and no fear need be entertained  
of killing the plants.—Petersburgh Sun.  
An advantage not mentioned by the Sun  
arises by this process. When the cabbage  
is raised it is already boiled and can be  
served on the table, unflavored by the fat,  
pot-bellied green worm.—Adrian Press.

Large farms are not the ones that pay  
best. A farm of 40 acres that produces 60  
bushels of corn per acre will give a profit  
when of 80 acres, producing only 30 bush-  
els per acre, is operated at a loss; yet the  
total quantity of corn is the same for both  
farms. The reason the smaller farm may  
pay is that less labor in proportion to  
yield is required. The larger farm will  
demand twice as much plowing, cultivat-  
ing and harrowing as the smaller one, and  
the expense of hauling and spreading the  
manure, harvesting the crop, is much  
greater.

The new sugar refinery which Arbuckle  
Bros. are to erect adjoining their coffee  
roasting plant in Brooklyn in opposition to  
the sugar trust was, by the original plan,  
to have been in operation August 1. The  
planting has not yet been complete, but it  
will be in a week or so. The Arbuckles  
are experimenting with some new ma-  
chines for weighing and packing sugar.  
The machines will pack a barrel a min-  
ute in five-pound packages. The Arbuck-  
les have adopted a new process for roast-  
ing coffee, whereby the roasting is done  
by blast instead of fire. By the new pro-  
cess the beans are not burned or spotted.  
One of the blast roasters on a trial roasted  
900 pounds of coffee in seven and a half  
minutes.

A queer freak of lightning which hap-  
pened the other day on the farm of Jas.  
Buchanan near Dexter, is related by Judge  
Newkirk. A Mr. Eslinger and the hired  
man were at work loading a wagon with  
hay, when a small black cloud appeared  
over their heads. With scarcely any  
warning a thunder bolt shot out from the  
cloud and struck the tines of the pitch-  
fork, which the hired man was holding up-  
ward. The lightning was conducted  
down the handle of the fork which was  
ripped into splinters. The man's hands  
were severely burned and he and Mr. Es-  
linger were knocked senseless. One of  
the horses was knocked down, but came  
too before the men did and the team ran  
away to the barn, where they were found  
later. The result was not serious in case  
of either of the men.—Argus.

An emulsion which has been overlooked  
compared with its advantages is that made  
of soap, kerosene and crude carbolic acid.  
The crude acid is very cheap compared  
with the refined article, and those who  
have tried it report that the kerosene  
emulsion is greatly improved by the ad-  
dition of the crude acid. Kerosene will  
not mix with the water, nor will the crude  
acid, but they form an emulsion with  
soap. Shave one pound of hard soap and  
boil and dissolve in a gallon of water.  
While boiling remove it from the fire and  
add one gallon of kerosene and one pint  
of crude carbolic acid. Agitate briskly  
for ten minutes with a sprayer and a  
creamy substance will result. Now add  
16 gallons of cold water, agitating briskly,  
and the mixture will be ready for use. It  
costs but little, is not injurious to plants,  
and destroys all kinds of parasites, lice and  
many insects.

State experiment stations are of great  
value. The one connected with our Agri-  
culture college is of incalculable benefit to  
farmers who read and think. Experimental  
knowledge is best of all. Each state  
has its own peculiarities of soil, climate  
and products, but something can be learn-  
ed from all. For example, the South Car-  
olina experiment station in a recent bulle-  
tin says: The cotton farmer, who sells a  
ton of cottonseed for \$7, sees as much fer-  
tility taken off the farm as a dairyman  
who sells twenty-five tons of butter for  
\$400 per ton; while the dairyman who  
buys a ton of cottonseed meal for his cows  
brings to the farm as much fertility as he  
will drive off in the shape of forty live  
hogs that will bring him \$400—and the  
manure of the hogs, as well as that of the  
cows, will fertilize.

### Climate and Crop Bulletin.

CHICAGO, June 23, 1897.—The reports as  
to the condition of the crops throughout  
the country and the general effect of the  
weather upon the growth and cultivation  
of the crops were made yesterday by the  
directors of the several climate and crop  
sections. The reports received at Chi-  
cago were as follows:

The week ending 8 a. m., July 19th, was  
slightly warmer than usual in Texas, Ari-  
zona, California, the Upper Missouri and the  
Red river on the North Valleys, Upper  
Michigan Peninsula, New England, and  
the northern portion of the middle Atlan-  
tic states. The average daily temperature,  
excess ranged from two to 7 degrees in  
California; from 2 to 5 degrees in the up-  
per Missouri and Red River of the N. Val-  
leys; from 3 to 4 degrees in the upper  
Mich. peninsula and from 1 to 5 degrees  
in New Eng. and the northern portion of  
the middle Atlantic States. Over much  
of the greater portion of the country the  
week was cooler than usual.

The week ending 8 a. m. July 19th, has  
been dryer than usual in the Miss., lower  
Mo. and Lower Ohio valleys, and over  
portions of the Lake Region, Gulf and  
south Atlantic states. Less than the us-  
ual amount has also fallen over the north-  
ern districts from the upper Mo. valley to  
the N. Pacific coast. Over much of the  
central and western Gulf states and a con-  
siderable area in the Mo. and upper Miss.  
Valleys, there has been no appreciable  
amount of rain. Very heavy rains have fall-  
en in New Eng.

While the week has been generally favor-  
able for crops, some damage has result-  
ed from excessive rains and severe local  
storms in New Eng. and portions of N. Y.,  
N. J., and N. E. Ala. Drought also con-  
tinues unbroken in portions of N. Car.,  
Texas, Tenn., Mo., and Kansas. In the  
principal corn states of the central valleys,  
with the exception of Portions of Kansas  
and Mo., where drought prevails, the crop  
has made favorable progress during the  
week, the reports indicating rapid growth  
in Ohio, Ind., Ill., Mich., Wis., Minn., and  
South Dakota. The crop has made sub-  
stantial progress in Neb. and Iowa but it  
is not altogether well cultivated in the  
last named state. In the southern states,  
late corn has been greatly improved dur-  
ing the past week, except in portions of  
La. and Tex., where rain is greatly need-  
ed.

Wheat harvest progressing rapidly un-  
der generally favorable weather conditions  
and threshers beginning work report yield  
of good quality. Much rye cut and that  
cut standing is in fine condition. Corn  
making splendid growth. Oats heading  
fast but thin and short. Showers very  
beneficial but unevenly distributed.  
Northern section still too dry for oats, po-  
tatoes and pastures.

E. B. GARRIOTT,  
Professor, Weather Bureau.

### Origin of "Mr." and "Mrs."

The history of the origin and develop-  
ment of the title Mr. and Mrs. is rather in-  
teresting. When the ordinary Christian  
names had nicknames derived from their  
owner's trade, or his dwelling place, or  
from some personal peculiarity, tacked on  
there was as yet no "misters" in the land.  
Some John Bull accumulated more wealth  
than the bulk of his fellows—because, per-  
haps, a landed proprietor or an employer  
or hired laborer. Then he began to be  
called in the Norman-French of the day  
the "maistre" of this place or that, of  
these workmen or of those. In time the  
"maistre," or "maister," became a prefix  
to his Christian name, and he became  
Maister Bull and his wife was Maistress  
Bull. Gradually the title was conferred  
upon any any kind—by mere possession  
of wealth or holding some position of  
more or less consideration and importance.  
—Ex

### Labor Makes the Man.

No boy ever came to be a man—the  
noblest work of God—without labor.  
There is a divine philosophy in it. Let  
your boy work; if he will not work, make  
him work. There is no progress, no de-  
velopment, no outcome, no true manhood  
without it. We must work. Father, be  
kind to your boy. We know what a  
mother will do. A mother's love a moth-  
er's prayers follow us still; and the mem-  
ory of her anxious tears shall never fade  
out during the succession of years.

### Excursions.

Epworth League Training Assembly,  
Ludington, Mich., July 20 to August 16.  
One first-class limited fare for round  
trip. Dates of sale, July 20 to 29. Limit  
to return until Aug. 17, 1897.

Camp Meeting, Island Lake, Mich.,  
July 29 to August 31. One and one-third  
first-class fare for round trip. Dates of  
sale July 27 and each Tuesday, Thursday  
and Saturday thereafter until Aug. 31,  
1897. Limit to return Sept. 1, 1897.

### Washington News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19, 1897.—  
The Senators and representatives who  
compose the majority of the tariff confer-  
ence committee may not have been re-  
sponsible for the reports of an agreement  
on the sugar schedule more favorable to  
the trust than was expected, which were  
taken advantage of to speculate in sugar  
stock to a large extent by those who had  
the information. The whole thing may  
have been the work of unscrupulous spec-  
ulators. But that isn't the way it is gen-  
erally regarded in Washington. Speaker  
Reed would not have been so emphatic in  
declaring against that compromise be-  
tween the House and Senate sugar sched-  
ule, in favor of the latter, had he not  
known that it had been agreed to, and  
speculators would not so boldly have in-  
vested their money had they not known of  
it. It is common talk around the Capitol  
that Senators and Representatives were  
among the speculators who profited by  
advance knowledge of the in prices. If  
there has been no wrong doing, the circum-  
stances have certainly been sufficient to  
place the innocent under suspicion.

When the tariff bill will emerge from  
the conference committee is still a con-  
undrum. No man can say to a certain-  
ty whether it will be to-day, tomorrow,  
next week, or even later. It is said that  
the Senators are mad because Speaker  
Reed has been counseling the House con-  
ference.

After some very plain talk from Sena-  
tors about the contempt of the combine of  
armor plate makers to hold the U. S. gov-  
ernment up and compel the payment of  
fancy prices for armor for the ships now  
being constructed, the Senate decided  
with only a half a dozen votes in the nega-  
tive to strike out \$425 and insert \$300 in  
the clause of the General Deficiency ap-  
propriation bill prescribing the price that  
may be paid per ton for armor plates.  
Senator Stewart referred to Andrew Car-  
negie as a candidate for the British Par-  
liament, and declared that he should not be  
allowed to dictate prices to this govern-  
ment. Senator Teller declared that it  
would be a greater surrender of National  
dignity to bow to the armor contractors  
than to let the ships stand on the stocks,  
and said he would let them stand unar-  
mored for all time rather than to be held  
up by the armor combine. It is stated  
that the Carnegie and the Bethlehem com-  
panies, which have the only armor mak-  
ing plants in this country, will refuse to  
furnish armor for \$300 a ton, although it  
has been proven by expert testimony that  
it would be profitable to make it at \$250  
a ton.

Senator Butler this week introduced a  
bill providing for the establishment of pos-  
tal savings banks under the supervision of  
the Postmaster General and the Secretary  
of the Treasury, every post office to be a  
branch bank and deposits of ten cents and  
upward to be received.

Representative Robertson, of La., who  
has spent the greater part of the extra ses-  
sion of Congress at home, returned to  
Washington this week to take part in the  
closing vote on the tariff bill. He says  
there is very little talk among his consti-  
tuents about the tariff bill, nothing ap-  
proaching the general interest that was  
shown when the Mills and McKinley bills  
were before Congress, and that there isn't  
any more talk of interest displayed about  
silver. This lack of interest causes Mr.  
Robertson to think that it is impossible to  
say at this time what will be the issues in  
the next Presidential campaign.

The refusal of President McKinley to  
furnish the Senate copies of the Behring  
Sea correspondence with England, which  
was asked for by a Senate resolution  
adopted some weeks ago, although based  
upon the ground—"incompatible with  
public interests"—has resulted in starting  
a number of wild rumors concerning the  
belligerent tone of that correspondence that  
may result in doing much more harm than  
the publication of the correspondence  
would have done. Heretofore the present  
administration has been conducting its  
foreign policy open to the inspection of  
Senators and Representatives, and this re-  
turn to the secretive methods of the Cleve-  
land regime is not fancied in Congress, nor,  
in fact, anywhere else; it breeds too many  
sensational rumors, which are not lessened  
by the publication of Secretary Sherman's  
instructions to Ambassador Hay, which  
plainly say that Lord Salisbury has not  
been acting in good faith.

There is but one opinion in Washington  
about the orders sent to Admiral Beards-  
ley, to hoist the U. S. flag over Hawaii  
and take possession in the name of this  
government, in case there is any indica-  
tion of an attempt on the part of the Jap-  
anese, or anybody else, to interfere with  
the existing government of Hawaii and  
that is that the orders were properly is-  
sued. The senate committee on Foreign  
Relations has done its part towards back-  
ing up these orders by favorably reporting  
the annexation treaty.



## THE MINERS' STRIKE.

### May Take a Month to Adopt True Uniformity Plan.

### Arbitration Commission of the Five States Effects a Permanent Organization—Situation Reviewed by President Hatchford.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 17.—True uniformity may eventually win in the Pittsburgh mining district through the efforts of the peace commissioners, but it will take time. It is expected that it will require several weeks, perhaps a month, to secure the signatures of the operators to the proposition, and Gen. Little has advised that no time limit be put on the movement, as at the former attempt.

The position of the miners' officials in this new phase of the strike movement is queer. M. D. Hatchford, the national president will have nothing to do with it. President Dolan and Secretary Warner have cut loose from their national executive in the movement and propose to give it their hearty support.

### Permanent Board Formed.

The arbitration commissioners of the five states, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, West Virginia and western Pennsylvania, have formed a permanent board, with the object of urging the uniformity plan with all operators. Gen. Little, of Ohio, was made president, and B. Frank Schmidt, of Indiana, secretary.

Coal took another tumble in price Friday. It sold for \$1.25 at the mine, a drop of 25 cents from the day previous. A tour among the operators demonstrated that there was plenty of coal on hand.

### Situation Reviewed.

Columbus, O., July 16.—President Hatchford and Secretary Peace have issued an official bulletin, No. 1, to the miners, it being a review of the situation. The bulletin says:

"Our fight for living wages now covers in whole or in part eight states of the union. It is a general suspension, and no local settlements will be authorized or recognized. The second week and the eighth day of our suspension brings with it greater assurance of ultimate victory than any previous day. Our forces are increasing every hour, our determination is unflinching and our actions are law-abiding in every particular. The states and number of miners involved are as follows:

"Western Pennsylvania—Fully 20,000 miners have joined us for living wages, which makes suspension almost unanimous in every mine in the district. Work still continues in the central field, but steps will be taken in a few days looking to a suspension, which it is believed will be successful.

"Ohio—Twenty-eight thousand miners have laid down their tools in their demand for living wages, making the suspension general excepting a few local mines.

"Indiana—Advises report every mine and every miner in this state suspended. Eight thousand have joined the march for living wages.

"Illinois—Reports from this state are to the effect that suspension is practically general and that miners are determined to continue the march until living wages are secured.

"West Virginia—About 3,000 miners have joined the movement. Reports from various sections of the state confirm the belief that miners will suspend. Eight organizers have left this city for West Virginia. Supply of coal from that field will be cut off in a very few days.

"Kentucky and Tennessee—About 4,000 miners have suspended; others may be expected to follow.

"Kansas—Miners are all at work, but will hold a convention on Saturday. It is expected that they will also suspend.

"Alabama—Reports indicate that 3,000 miners or more have suspended. Convention to-day. Nothing further learned of their action.

"The supply of coal is fast becoming exhausted at the various distributing points. Railroads are confiscating shipments, cities are almost without supply; in fact, a coal famine is near at hand."

### De Armitt's Plan.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 15.—The cheering announcement is made that W. P. De Armitt, president of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company, whose 1,200 men have been constantly at work, and without whose assistance the success of the movement would have been jeopardized, has agreed to join with the other operators in a plan for the settlement of the strike on a true uniformity basis.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 15.—The prospect for a settlement of the great miners' strike is brighter than at any time since the struggle began, and both sides are almost ready to count on a resumption of work in the near future. Wednesday afternoon the joint arbitration committee called upon Mr. De Armitt and submitted their plan, to which he agreed. Then the commission met the miners' officials, and the proposition also met their approval. Under the terms of the agreement Mr. De Armitt agrees to sign a contract which will bring about a condition of true uniformity in the Pittsburgh district, according to the plan formulated, but which failed, 18 months ago. The contract provides that there shall be no company stores, honest weight, fair screens and the removal of other evils long complained of by the miners. He will sign such a contract provided 95 per cent. of the operators in the Pittsburgh district become parties to it.

Springfield, Ill., July 15.—The miners of Hillsboro, Montgomery county, 150 in number, went out Wednesday, not for sympathy, but for higher wages.

Cincinnati, July 14.—A Times-Star special from Bellaire, O., says: The miners in Schick's mines on the Baltimore & Ohio road were on Tuesday persuaded to stop mining, and with the closing of these mines all the mines in eastern Ohio will be closed.

## THE BAPTISTS.

### Consecration Services Held by Delegates at Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 16.—At a meeting of the board of managers of the Baptist Young Peoples' Union of America, held Saturday morning, Buffalo was selected as the next place of meeting, provided the Buffalo people give assurance that railroad rates and minor details will be satisfactory.

Pulpits of the city churches were filled by prominent delegates to the Baptist convention on Sunday. Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, the distinguished Baptist divine of Nashville, preached the convention sermon at the Auditorium in the afternoon to 5,000 people. His subject was "The Ideal Christian Man," his text being taken from Proverbs 4-18. The evening was given up to a dedication service of unusual interest. The meeting opened with a general devotional and praise service, in which the vast congregation joined the choir in singing secular hymns. The service was followed by a consecration address delivered by Rev. C. E. Wolfen, of Brooklyn, N. Y. The consecration service lasted from eight to ten o'clock and was conducted by General Secretary E. E. Chivers, D. D., of Chicago. A roll of the states was called and the representatives of the union thereupon arose and formally consecrated the union of his state to the service and worship outlined by this convention. The scene was an inspiring one and never before can old Baptists remember of seeing so much general spirit of devotion to the cause exhibited at any convention of delegates. Sectional lines were simply wiped out, the north, the south, the east and west vieing with each other as to which should show the most ardent devotion to the common cause.

Six hundred dollars was subscribed and paid at the consecration meeting to send Dr. Frank Harper, of Detroit, who on Friday, at the praise service on Lookout mountain, volunteered to devote himself to foreign mission work abroad, to some of the church's mission fields. Resolutions were adopted expressing grateful thanks that the debt of \$468,000 of the American Baptist Foreign Mission society had been raised and expressing the gratification of all Baptists that the denomination in the United States was united through the Young People's union. Sunday night's services closed the regular convention proceedings, though several rallies will be held to-day and a service will be held at Snodgrass hill, in the national park, at which patriotic addresses and songs will be mingled with the religious exercises.

### DIES SUDDENLY AT ROME.

### Rev. Father Butler Passes Away on Eve of His Consecration.

Rome, July 19.—Rev. Father Butler, bishop-elect of the Roman Catholic diocese of Concordia, Kan., died here Friday of intestinal paralysis. The deceased was to have been consecrated bishop by Cardinal Satolli Sunday.

Chicago, July 19.—Rev. Dr. Butler, of Chicago, whose sudden death in Rome on the eve of his consecration as bishop is announced, was one of the best-known ecclesiastics in the west. He was chaplain of the famous Irish brigade commanded by Gen. Mulligan during the civil war. Dr. Butler was secretary and chancellor of the diocese of Chicago under Bishop Duggan. The reverend doctor was celebrated for his marvelously beautiful voice.

### TRAIN KILLS TWO MEN.

### Deaf Mutes Are Struck by a Big Four Flyer Near Monroe, Mich.

Monroe, Mich., July 19.—The Big Four flyer struck and instantly killed two men who were walking on the track south of this city Saturday morning. Both were deaf mutes. A letter written by J. C. Noll, 211 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, was the means of identifying one of the men as John Kilday, aged 35, of Elkhart, Ind., whose remains have been claimed by the cigar-makers' union, and will be sent to Elkhart for burial. The other man has not been identified. He was about 25 years old. Both men were shockingly mangled.

### Noted Chilean Warrior Dead.

New York, July 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from Valparaiso, Chili, says: Gen. Jose Velasquez, the most brilliant officer in the old Chilean army, and one who did distinguished service throughout the Pacific war, died in this city Saturday of lung disease. Gen. Velasquez had served his country in the army for more than 40 years. During the last few years of his life he was subjected to great persecution by his enemies in power, owing to his allegiance to Balmaceda. Finally, in 1895, he was forced to retire. Since that time he had lived quietly in Valparaiso.

### Powderly Appointed.

Washington, July 19.—The president Saturday sent to the senate the following nominations:

Treasury—Terence V. Powderly, of Pennsylvania, to be commissioner-general of immigration.

To Be Collectors of Internal Revenue—Frederick E. Coyne, of Illinois, for the First district of Illinois; David A. Nunn, for the Fifth district of Tennessee.

### Killed by Lightning.

Erie, Pa., July 19.—Mrs. Horace Noble, a prominent lady of this city, was instantly killed at Dill's park, near here, Sunday by a flash of lightning. She was sitting in the parlor with some companions when the house was struck, killing her almost instantly. None of the others were hurt.

## THE EPWORTH LEAGUE.

### Young People of the Methodist Church Meet in Convention.

Toronto, Ont., July 16.—Delegates to the convention of the Epworth League overwhelmed this city Thursday. Decorations on the principal buildings have given a general holiday appearance to the city.

The opening meetings were held in the afternoon in the pavilion of the Metropolitan church. In the evening four monster meetings were held. In Massey Music hall 5,000 people gathered. At the pavilion more than 3,000 assembled, at Coke's church there were 1,800, and at the Metropolitan church 3,500 people present.

Bishop John P. Newman delivered a lecture on the advance of Christianity, in the course of which he made a vicious attack on the press, stating that instead of doing good they served up for breakfast a hash of crime, murder and scandal.

Toronto, Ont., July 17.—The Epworth leaguers have kept on coming for two days till Friday they numbered over 20,000 strong, and carry everything in front of them. Meetings they have in profusion, and speakers "from Greenland's icy mountains" and from India's missionary fields, all full of eagerness. Friday the meetings numbered no less than 16.

### EXPORT RECORDS BROKEN.

### High Mark in Trade Is Reached During the Year.

Washington, July 16.—The monthly statement of the exports and imports of the United States, issued by the bureau of statistics, makes the remarkable showing that never before in the history of the country have the exports of merchandise, which include practically all the exports except gold and silver, reached so high a figure as during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1897, nor has the excess of exports over imports ever been so large. The only time these figures were approached was in 1892, when the United States was making heavy shipments of grain to feed Europe after a series of deficient harvests. The statement of 1897, with comparisons, is as follows:

Exports of domestic merchandise, \$1,032,298,880; increase over 1896, about \$170,000,000; total exports of domestic and foreign merchandise, \$1,051,987,81, as compared with \$882,696,938 for 1896. The total imports of merchandise during the fiscal year just closed amounted to \$784,373,905, of which \$381,932,605 was free of duty. The total imports were about \$15,350,000 less than last year, and the excess of exports over imports for the year was \$287,613,186. This is an excess of about \$185,000,000 over last year and an excess of about \$23,000,000 over any previous year.

### FATAL ACCIDENT.

### Illinois Lady Killed and Several Others Injured in Colorado.

Denver, Col., July 17.—A special to the Times from Ouray, Col., says: By an accident on the toll road late Friday afternoon Miss Myrtle Shaw, of Pittsfield, Ill., was fatally injured and several others, all members of the Y. M. C. A. excursion, painfully hurt, among them Maj. E. W. Halford, private secretary to ex-President Harrison during his term of office. Just below Bear Creek falls the horses to the carriage in which Miss Shaw was riding with Maj. Halford, O. Rinehart, Dr. Elliott, all of Denver; Mr. Campbell, of Wheeling, W. Va., and Mrs. Kuhl, of Pueblo, became frightened and overturned the carriage with the result above stated. Miss Shaw was injured about the head and died in the hospital here shortly after the accident. The injuries to the others are not believed to be serious.

### MUST STAY IN PRISON.

### Attempt to Secure Pardon for the Youngers Is Defeated.

St. Paul, Minn., July 14.—After an extended hearing on the petition for the pardon of Cole and Jim Younger, the surviving members of the Missouri outlaw band who attempted to raid a bank at Northfield, Minn., in 1876, the state board of pardons, consisting of the governor, attorney-general and chief justice, on Tuesday afternoon refused to grant the requested relief, by unanimous vote declaring their belief that the Youngers should complete their term of life imprisonment.

### Trans-Mississippi Congress.

Salt Lake City, July 14.—The ninth session of the Trans-Mississippi commercial congress was called to order Wednesday in Assembly hall in Temple park. The convention will be in session four days, and on account of the large amount of work to be done may be extended into next week. Hon. W. J. Bryan, the president of the congress, will not reach here until Thursday. Every state and territory west of the Mississippi river with the exception of Alaska will be represented.

### Banks to Consolidate.

Kansas City, Mo., July 14.—The Times announces that the Midland national bank, of which S. Barbour, of the well-known Armour Packing company, is president, is to be consolidated with the National Bank of Commerce, and that the deal has reached a point where only the sanction of the comptroller of the currency is needed to consummate it.

### To Endow a College.

Peoria, Ill., July 14.—Washington Corrinton has made a will leaving his entire estate, estimated to be worth between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000, for the endowment of a college.

## MOVED BY HUNGER.

### Starving Miners on the March in Pennsylvania.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 19.—The events of Sunday in the Pittsburgh coal mining district indicate that there is trouble ahead. The strike has been on for two weeks, with no cause for alarm in any quarter, but Sunday the pangs of hunger and mutterings of discontent have taken tangible form, and before long 1,000 miners will have marched on Canonsburg, the objective point being the Boone and Allison mines. A few days ago the operators of those mines made a requisition on the sheriff of Washington county for additional deputies. It is supposed that there are at least 30 deputies at each mine, well armed for any friction that may take place.

Sunday the miners of the Millers and Toms Run districts held mass meetings. The men employed in the Slope and Bridgeville mines, Essen Nos. 1 and 2, and Steens mines met at Bridgeville. Cecil was the scene of a meeting of Laurel Hill Nos. 2 and 4, Creedmor and Bishop mines, and the diggers employed in the Standard and Ellsworth mines, in Millers Run, also held a meeting.

The gatherings were attended by men, women and children. The women did not lag in the interest taken. Many of them openly branded their husbands as cowards. They argued that they might as well fight as starve. The men said the victory could be won providing every coal miner employed in the sections where the lake trade is supplied, would join the general movement of idleness. Plans for bringing out the miners at work in the Boone and Allison mines were discussed. Special committees were sent from one meeting to the other.

It was decided to march on to Canonsburg mines. The Reissing brass band and the Cecil drum corps were engaged, and the march across the country is on.

Fairmount, W. Va., July 19.—Over 500 men attended the coal miners meeting Sunday in the woods at Willow Tree school house, near Nex Monongah, and 317 out of them raised their hands when Mahon, the speaker, took a vote to ascertain how many of them were willing to come out in the morning. The miners were chilly at first, but got warmed up and showed much enthusiasm, and the speaker was frequently cheered. It was a noticeable fact that only Monongah miners were in attendance, none from the neighboring collieries putting in their appearance. Notwithstanding the rain, which commenced falling soon after the meeting began, the miners listened for over an hour to the address. It was the largest meeting that was ever held in this district by the miners, and many of the operators who had been confident that the men would stay in, say now that they are prepared for anything. Not only the miners, but their wives and children, turned out at the meeting. Conservative men here think it is only a matter of time until the men come out.

St. Louis, July 19.—Dispatches to the St. Louis papers from the principal mining points in southern Illinois show that the strikers have shut down several mines. At Pana, where the men took possession of a train Friday night, all is quiet as the Movequa men agreed to come out. Six hundred miners are on the march to Collinsville, where they expect to induce 500 men to stop work. At Staunton and Mt. Olive, 1,300 men are out. There are estimated to be 1,300 miners in Belleville and vicinity. In 1894 there were that many members of the union. All of them are reported to be ready to come out except those employed at the six consolidated mines. It was these men who broke faith last week and caused the first Belleville strike to fail. The feeling against them is strong.

Columbus, O., July 19.—President Hatchford sums up the strike situation in an interview to the State Journal as follows:

"The manner in which the miners are conducting themselves commends itself to the country and gives their officers renewed encouragement, and strengthens the belief that victory will ultimately crown their efforts. We have started our movement realizing fully the importance of the work before us and the responsibility resting upon us, and after two weeks of suspension, involving more than 150,000 miners, we are well satisfied with the results. Only those who are best acquainted with the condition of the miners have any idea of the extent of this suspension and its paralyzing effects upon the labor and business of the country. It has not yet reached its full proportions. The coming week will add 20,000 men to the idle column. The week following will bring greater accessions to our ranks. The movement will continue to grow, not only from the point of number involved, but public opinion will become crystallized more fully and through the press of the country will demand a solution of this great difficulty. The organized trades of the country are to-day in closer touch than ever before. Never in the history of labor troubles have they been found so closely allied. Our demand for living wages and the determination of our miners to secure it have brought expressions of sympathy and moral and material support from almost every branch of organized labor, whose efforts in our behalf will endear them to all lovers of fairness and establish for the miners, with their own efforts, a living rate of wages."

### Rescued.

Phoenix, A. T., July 19.—James Stevens was rescued from the Mammoth mine, after an imprisonment of 14 days without food or water. At seven o'clock Saturday morning, at a depth of 125 feet, the rescue party broke into the drift where Stevens had been confined. Stevens is fearfully emaciated, and has lost fully 70 pounds during his confinement, but his mind is clear.

## BAPTISTS MEET.

### Young People's Convention Opened at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 16.—The seventh interdenominational convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America began in this city Thursday morning, with about 4,000 delegates and some of the most prominent Baptist leaders in the country present.

The convention was opened with a short song service, led by Dr. L. L. Henson, of Fort Wayne, Ind., formerly secretary of the board of managers. At the close of the song service Dr. Henson read the Forty-sixth Psalm and delivered a fervent invocation, after which President Chapman arose to deliver the opening address.

As President Chapman walked to the front of the platform he was greeted by a great volume of applause.

The afternoon session was presided over by F. L. Fowke, of Ossawa, Ont., vice president of the B. Y. P. U. A. After a 15-minute praise service the reports of officers were read and a number of addresses were delivered. At the evening session President Chapman delivered his annual address, which covered the work of the past year in a very complete manner.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 17.—The principal business transacted at the meeting of the Baptist Young People Friday morning was the election of officers. The head officers remain the same, while the remaining ones are changed to a certain extent. The officers elected are:

President—John H. Chapman, Chicago. Vice presidents—Rev. Curtis Lee Laws, Baltimore; Rev. George B. Vosburg, Denver, Cal.; Rev. J. H. MacDonald, Amhurst, N. S.

Recording secretary—Rev. H. W. Reed, La Crosse, Wis. Treasurer—Frank Moody, Milwaukee, Wis.

### LOOKS BRIGHT.

### Dun Says Every Feature of Business Outlook Is Encouraging.

New York, July 17.—R. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly review of trade say:

"Excepting the great coal miners' strike, which may terminate at any time, there is scarcely a feature of the business outlook which is not encouraging, the season considered. Crop prospects have been improved by needed rain in some regions and foreign advices continue to promise a large demand. In many home industries, particularly in building, there is more activity than in any year since 1892, and the week has brought a better demand in boots and shoes and in woollens, while the movement of freight, mainly iron ore, through the Sault Ste. Marie canal is the largest in its history. With money markets unclouded, there is nothing in sight to hinder rapid improvement when uncertainty about legislation has been removed.

"The advance in wheat to 8 1/4 cents was not due to the government estimate, which was followed by a decline, but to foreign advices and considerable buying for export. Demand is already felt from Australia, Brazil and even Argentina, while the promise for European crops is not considered bright. The disposition of farmers to keep back wheat for higher prices may affect the outward movement."

### LOOKS LIKE A BLUFF.

### Startling Bit of News Telegraphed from Paris.

London, July 16.—A dispatch from Paris to a news agency here says that inquiry at an American embassy there has elicited a confirmation of the rumor that the governments of Spain and Japan have arranged an offensive alliance against the United States. The understanding is for the mutual protection of Cuba and Hawaii.

Washington, July 16.—Little credence is placed in official circles here in the statement that the Spanish and the Japanese governments have entered into an offensive alliance against the United States for the mutual protection of Cuba and Hawaii. Indeed, so far as could be learned no intimation of such an agreement has reached the state department.

### More Fighting in Cuba.

Havana, July 14.—According to official reports, Col. Almendral has had an engagement in the Pozo mountains province of Mantanzas, with an insurgent band, compelling them to retire, leaving 15 of their number dead upon the field. The Spanish lost four killed and nine wounded. On the same authority it is stated that the Balcares battalion, in the province of Pinar del Rio, have killed 11 insurgents.

### Scale Agreed Upon.

Milwaukee, July 15.—The announcement is made that the Illinois Steel company has presented a special scale for the operation of the new plate mill at Bay View, and it has been agreed upon by the men. The new mill will therefore start up Thursday night or Friday morning. This will give employment to about 100 men. There are now about 75 men at work at the blast furnaces, leaving nearly 800 men still out of work.

### Death of a Composer.

Chicago, July 14.—H. M. Higgins, composer and first music publisher of Chicago, died at San Diego, Cal., Tuesday. Mr. Higgins was the publisher of the song, "Sweet By and By." "Lorena" and many of the early popular songs were brought out by him and he was also the composer of many songs. He was 77 years old.

### Struck by Lightning.

Toledo, O., July 15.—A special from Bradner, O., says: Lightning struck a 35,000-barrel oil tank here Wednesday afternoon, igniting the fluid, which burned furiously for several hours. While the oil was burning at the top of the tank about 4,000 barrels were saved.



## REPUBLICAN CLUBS.

National League Elects L. J. Crawford, of Kentucky, President.

Gold Democrats of Kentucky Hold a State Convention at Louisville - The Resolutions Adopted.

Detroit, Mich., July 14.—The National Republican league convention opened Tuesday with a fair attendance of delegates for an "off year" in politics. Nearly all the states are represented, although the quotas of delegates were small in several instances.

At 10:30 o'clock President Woodmansee rapped for order, and after prayer introduced Gov. Plingree to deliver the address of welcome on behalf of the state of Michigan.

Col. Henry M. Duffield, of this city, welcomed the delegates on behalf of the city of Detroit.

The president of the national league, D. D. Woodmansee, of Cincinnati, then delivered his annual address.

Election of L. J. Crawford.

Detroit, July 15.—Leonard J. Crawford, of Newport, Ky., was on Wednesday afternoon elected president of the National League of Republican Clubs. While the contest for the presidency had all the appearance of a close struggle, the result can scarcely be said to have been in doubt. The committee on time and place of the next convention selected Omaha, but left the question of dates to the Nebraska league.

M. J. Dowling, of Minnesota, was re-elected secretary.

At 10:45 Chairman Woodmansee called on the convention to come to



L. J. CRAWFORD, OF KENTUCKY.

order and cease caucusing. The resolutions were then reported through the chairman of the resolutions committee, Col. Bundy, of Ohio.

They declare unflinching allegiance "to the principles and policies of the party of protection, sound money, reciprocity and patriotism, as expressed in the St. Louis platform. The faith which prompted the nomination and election of William McKinley and a republican congress has been justified and we congratulate the country upon the evidences of returning prosperity. We pledge anew the organized effort of league men throughout the union for the party of Abraham Lincoln."

The platform commends the president and congress for sending a monetary commission to European nations; for inaugurating measures for the annexation of Hawaii, and for an attitude on the Cuban matter that has tended to lessen Spanish atrocities in that island. They urge upon congress the earliest possible passage of a discriminating duty measure to protect American shipping.

Congress is commended for fostering the beet sugar industry by legislation. The question of equal suffrage to woman is recommended to members of the league as a matter of education. For are vigorously condemned, and a modification of the rules and provisions of that law is favored, in the interest of good service and to correct the injustice alleged to have been thus perpetrated. Restriction of immigration is favored and sympathy expressed with the miners and other laboring men in their peaceful struggles for living wages.

### DEMOCRATS OF KENTUCKY.

They of the Gold Persuasion Hold a Convention.

Louisville, Ky., July 15.—The gold democrats of Kentucky met here Wednesday in state convention. Hon. John H. Carlisle was made permanent chairman, and was followed in speech-making by Henry W. Watterson. W. C. P. Breckinridge read the resolutions, which are, in brief, as follows:

They cordially approve the action taken last year resulting in the Indianapolis convention, the nomination of Palmer and Buckner and the complete reorganization and perpetuation of the democratic party; endorse the platform and principles announced by the Louisville convention of 1896 and the platform adopted at Indianapolis, and reaffirm allegiance to the principles and policies therein expressed; declare for tariff for revenue only; reform of the currency laws so as to maintain the standard of the world and furnish a sound, stable and sufficient currency of gold and silver, interchangeable with each other at equal commercial value; suitable revenue and navigation laws to regain supremacy of the seas; enforcement of proper civil service system; preservation of public order, maintenance of public peace and protection of the rights, liberties and property of citizens at home and abroad. They denounce the free and unlimited coinage of silver as inevitably producing silver monometallism, and advocate a gold standard and the coinage of silver to the requirements of commerce as offering the only means of maintaining bimetallicism, and denounce any attempt to fix the ratio between the metals arbitrarily by law without reference to their commercial value as unsafe and dangerous to public welfare and private interests; they endorse the administration of ex-President Cleveland and his secretary of the treasury, John G. Carlisle.

At the evening session John R. Hinman, of Adair county, was unanimously nominated on the first ballot for clerk of the court of appeals.

## AN APPEAL FOR FREEDOM.

The Cuban League of New York Asks for Financial Aid.

The Cuban league of New York, whose president is Ethan Allen, and vice presidents such men of national reputation and honor as Chauncey M. Depew, Roswell P. Flower, etc., has issued the following appeal asking for financial aid in its patriotic efforts in behalf of struggling Cuba:

"To the People of the United States:

A brave and generous people will aid the oppressed. Cuba is under a brutal tyranny. Inspired by our history she freely bleeds for independence, and appeals to us for help. We must hear, and hearing, promptly act. An irrepressible conflict between republicanism and monarchy was inaugurated by Washington and his compatriots, and as trustees of the great political inheritance from them we must be in that conflict whether we will or not, whenever any intelligent people fires the opening gun for freedom. By an unparalleled career of courage and sacrifice the Cubans have proved their right to self-government. Our people, to keep untarnished the heroic crown of our fathers, which our government at Washington for three years has failed to do, must extend material support to the embattled heroes on Cuban soil. The passive policy of this administration, in emulation of the last, still repressed the nobler impulses of our people, while foul murder continues. To give now is more than to fight. He who supplies the weapon is brother in achievement to him who wields it.

"A plan for small subscriptions at local points, deposited there with banks or business firms, reaches all. Let those who will serve send addresses of themselves and bank to the Red, White and Blue League, New York.

"ETHAN ALLEN,  
"President of the Cuban League."

### DOCTORS AND PATIENTS.

Odd Tales of Physicians of the Old School in England.

A physician with a large practice sees strange sights—some humorous, some pitiful, and some irritating. Sir Benjamin W. Richardson, commenting on the fact that these singular sights tend to produce in the doctor's mind the feeling "All things are alike to all," says he once surprised a bishop by saying that the writer of Ecclesiastes must have been a doctor.

Once a woman who kept a fuel store brought her husband to Dr. Richardson in a little cart with his body covered with small coal, under the idea that by this means she was keeping him warm. Another woman, to whom he prescribed an ether mixture, therefore volatile, first made it warm, in order that it might be agreeable to take.

He was called in the early days of his London practice to visit a servant in a large house, and overheard the mistress ask the housekeeper: "What sort of a man is he, and how did he come? Did he drive?"

"I think you'll like him, ma'am," replied the housekeeper; "but, poor man! he is only a walking doctor yet."

People made a distinction between the walking and the driving doctor in former days. A physician with a large paying practice used to ride in a chariot which cost 300 guineas. Now people do not care if a doctor comes in a landau, or a brougham, or a cab, provided he comes quickly.

The old physician was known by everybody as a doctor. He wore a long, broad-tailed coat, knee breeches, Hessian boots, a frilled shirt with ruffles at the wrists, and a large white cravat of the finest lawn. He carried a cane with a perforated box at the top, which held camphor or some other smelling substance. When he was called to a consultation, he expected to find a table spread with wine glasses, a decanter of brandy and a bottle of wine.—Youth's Companion.

### Popularity and a Slap.

One of the incidents that conducted to give the queen temporary popularity in Ireland was this: She and the prince, with the prince of Wales and Prince Alfred, were driven in their roomy carriage to Mr. Dargan's exhibition. The streets and windows were thronged. There were only bright faces, and the air was filled with cheers. She bowed very affably; the prince held his hat a little before his forehead, and hardly bowed. The prince of Wales took off a cap with a white band and held it rather gracefully, as if to show that he should have bowed were the queen not present. Prince Alfred looked a little sulky and kept his cap on his head. The queen did not appear to see him, but she did. She whipped the cap off his head with one hand, and with the other gave him such a slap in the face. It was done in an instant, and without any change of countenance. Thundering cheers marked the approval of the multitude.—Contemporary Review.

### Did the Job Himself.

It is related of the late Duc d'Aumale that lack of decision is illustrated by the following incident: When about to enter a room at a reception in 1873 he was asked by the usher what name should be announced. "Gen. Le Duc" should be announced, and then, suddenly changing his mind, he said: "No; announce his royal highness, Duc d'Aumale." But, not feeling satisfied with this, he said: "Say merely Duc d'Aumale." Finally he said: "Say nothing," and walked in unannounced.—N. Y. Times.

## Real Warm Weather Rest and Comfort.

There is a powder to be shaken into the shoes called Allen's Foot-Ease, invented by Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., which druggists and shoe dealers say is the best thing they have ever sold to cure swollen, burning, sore and tender or aching feet. Some dealers claim that it makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It certainly will cure corns and bunions and relieve instantly sweating, hot or smarting feet. It costs only a quarter, and the inventor will send a sample free to any address.

### It's Different, You Know.

It was during a controversy over the value of a bicycle.

"There are cases, mamma," explained the young woman, "when the proper use of a bicycle is almost imperative, and I'm sure that mine is one of them."

"Nonsense," returned the elder woman. "That's very nice talk from the point of view of a dealer in bicycles, but that is all. Now if you want exercise—"

"But I don't, mamma," interrupted the young woman, hastily. "It isn't exercise that I need, but recreation, and there's no recreation in doing the housework—none at all."—Chicago Post.

### Use Gentleness.

Be gentle in stimulating the kidneys, otherwise you will excite and weaken them. The happiest results follow the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to overcome renal inactivity. Avoid the unmedicated, fiery stimulants of commerce. The kidneys have a delicate membrane easily irritated, and upon this the action of such excitants is pernicious. Malarial complaints, indigestion, rheumatism, neuralgia and biliousness succumb to the corrective influence of the Bitters.

### A Resemblance.

"Death and the people of Germany are alike in one respect."

"Name it."

"The people of Germany like to use money direct from the mint."

"Go on."

"Death loves a shining mark, too."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

### Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomachs receive it without distress. 1-4 the price of coffee. 15c and 25 cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

### The Appropriate Place.

"You ought to be ashamed of yourself," said the judge to the gentleman who had been caught picking pockets at a funeral.

"Have you no sense of decency?"

"Yes, judge; but you know people in a place like that are so easily touched."—Indianapolis Journal.

### Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous, hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE. Write to Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

### Always Doing.

"What does that man Slick do for a living?"

"For board and lodging he does the hotels, and for clothes he does his tailor. Outside of that he does the best he can."—Detroit Free Press.

The Mead Cycle Company, Chicago, is the original house to sell reliable bicycles at low prices direct to the rider. They have built up a large business by their honorable dealings and have won the confidence of their customers. They ask the public to believe that the house which leads and controls the best source of supply is the best house to do business with.

### Time and the Dinner.

Time flies when a man's dinner is waiting for him. It only crawls when he is waiting for dinner.—N. O. Picayune.

### Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75c.

A cold church can only be warmed by fire that comes from Heaven.

I have found Pisco's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lotz, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

Every man thinks he is the hardest man to shave in town.—Washington Democrat.

Some churches have more sleepers than pillars.—Ram's Horn.

Lady Shopper (in department store, to lace counter saleslady)—"Where shall I find the ribbon department, please?" Saleslady (apologetically)—"I don't know where it is, ma'am. You will have to ask one of the floor pedestrians."—Puck.

The less we have from which to give, the more it means when we do give.—Ram's Horn.

Every attempt to make others happy, every sin left behind, every temptation trampled under foot, every step forward in the cause of what is good, is a step nearer Heaven.—Dean Stanley.

Changing the feathers will not turn the geese into eagles.—Ram's Horn.

At the Hospital.—Lady Visitor—"And you are fond of flowers, my good woman?" "The Good Woman—"Flowers, is it? Well, I am that, mem."

Lady Visitor—"Now, what kind of flowers shall I bring you next time I come?" "The Good Woman—"If it be no inconvenience, I wouldn't mind some cabbage and greens."—Boston Transcript.

Men always admire a woman who is greatly devoted to a worthless or unfortunate husband.

Difference in Durability.—"It isn't at all safe to judge by appearances," said the restless boy's father. "Yes," replied the mother, "people are very deceptive." "And so are inanimate objects. You'd never think, merely judging by external indications, that the heavy pair of boots I bought that boy was only going to wear for six weeks, while his fragile-looking Latin grammar will last him a lifetime."—Washington Star.

Cheerful temper, joined with innocence, will make beauty attractive, knowledge delightful and wit good natured. It will lighten sickness, poverty and affliction, convert ignorance into an amiable simplicity, and render deformity itself agreeable.—Addison.

Our idea of a thoroughbred is a man who takes a "nap" in the middle of the day.

## Pertinent Questions.

Why Will a Woman Throw Away Her Good Looks and Comfort?



Why will a woman drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence and miss three-quarters of the joy of living, when she has health almost within her grasp? If she does not value her good looks, does she not value her comfort?

Why, my sister, will you suffer that dull pain in the small of your back, those bearing-down, dragging sensations in the loins, that terrible fullness in the lower bowel, caused by constipation proceeding from the womb lying over and pressing on the rectum? Do you know that these are signs of displacement, and that you will never be well while that lasts?

What a woman needs who is thus affected is to strengthen the ligaments so they will keep her organs in place. There

is nothing better for this purpose than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The great volume of testimony which is constantly rolling in, proves that the Compound is constantly curing thousands of just such cases.

The following letter from Mrs. Marlow is only one of many thousands which Mrs. Pinkham has received this year from those she has relieved—surely such testimony is convincing:

"My trouble commenced after the birth of my last child. I did not know what was the matter with me. My husband went to our family physician and described my symptoms, and he said I had displacement and falling of the womb. He sent me some medicine, but it did little good. I let it go on about two years, and every time I did any hard work my womb would come down. Finally a lady friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did. The first bottle helped me so much, I continued to take it right along. My back was almost the same as no back. I could not lift scarcely any weight. My life was just a drag to me. To-day I am well of my womb trouble, and have a good, strong back, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—MRS. L. MARLOW, Milford, Ill.

## CONSTIPATION—Caused by Over-Work! Over-Eating! Over-Drinking!

No part of the human body receives more ill treatment than the bowels. Load after load is imposed until at last the intestines become clogged, refuse to act, worn out. Then you must assist nature. Do it, and see how easily you will be

Cured by **Cascarets** CANDY CATHARTIC.

Not a violent mass of mercurial and mineral poisons, but a PURE VEGETABLE COMPOUND, that acts directly upon the diseased and worn out intestinal canal, makes it strong, and restores muscular action, at the same time gently stimulating the liver and kidneys. Not a patent liquid or pill-form dose, but a CANDY TABLET—pleasant to eat, easy and delightful in action.

They are indeed NATURE'S OWN REMEDY.

ALL DRUGGISTS. 10c, 25c, 50c.

## EDWARD BELLAMY'S Equality.

By EDWARD BELLAMY, author of "LOOKING BACKWARD," "Dr. Heidenhoff's Process," etc. 12 mo. Cloth, \$1.25.

This book is the successor of "Looking Backward," but it is larger and its story of the way we might live, if every one had an equal chance, is fuller and more important. The author tells us how the changes from the present life of struggle to one of equality were brought about. He explains the meaning of various signs of our own times, seen in the political and social unrest, and in various efforts at new legislation. His story gives a vivid picture of the happiness attained in the new life, and he explains the industrial, financial and other conditions of the new organization. Every one who feels that his own condition, or that of society, might be improved, must read this remarkable and fascinating romance of the new life.

For sale by all booksellers; or will be sent by mail postpaid on receipt of price by the publishers, D. APPLETON AND COMPANY, 72 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

## SAPOLIO



of Hires Rootbeer on a sweltering hot day is highly essential to comfort and health. It cools the blood, reduces your temperature, tones the stomach.

## HIRES Rootbeer

should be in every home, in every office, in every workshop. A temperance drink, more healthful than ice water, more delightful and satisfying than any other beverage produced.

Made only by the Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

### EDUCATIONAL.

CHICAGO CONSERVATORY. MUSIC ORATORY. DRAMATIC ART AUDITORIUM, CHICAGO. SAMUEL KAYZER, President. Fall Term Begins Sept. 6, 1897. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

## Harvest Excursions!

AUG. 3 AND 17, of the West, Northwest and Southwest. Round trip tickets will be sold on dates named above at C. B. & Q. stations and at many Eastern points at about half fare, good for 21 days. Stop over allowed on going passage. Ask your local agent for particulars.

GO WEST AND LOOK FOR A HOME. A handsome illustrated pamphlet describing NEBRASKA sent free on application to F. S. EUSTIS, Gen'l Pass. Agt., C. B. & Q. R. R., Chicago.

WHAT IS IT? A 48 page handsomely illustrated brochure, with description of the Tennessee Centennial and International Exposition, to be held at Nashville, Tenn., May 1st to Oct. 30th, the NATIONAL EVENT of 1897. Can be obtained by sending eight cents postage to C. L. STONE, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, C. & N. O. R. R., 335 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

Weeks Scale Works, STOOE, COAL, HAY, GRAIN, BUFFALO, N. Y. AND COTTON SCALES.

PATENTS SECURED PROMPTLY AND WITH CARE. PHILIP T. DODGE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. R. H. GREENE'S SORE, Atlanta, Ga.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habit cured at home without pain. Book of testimonials sent FREE. H. M. WOOLLEY, N.D., Atlanta, Ga.

IOWA FARMS For Sale on crop payment, \$1 per acre cash, balance 4 crop yearly until paid for. J. Mulhall, Waukegan, Ill.

GET RICH QUICKLY. Send for "300 Inventions Wanted." Edgar Tate & Co., 245 N. W. Ave., N. Y.

A. N. K.—A 1886 WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.



An Alphabet of Girls.

A is for Annie, artful and acute, B is for Bertie, who's bold and a beauty. C is for Clara, who craves and caresses, D is for Daisy, who daintily dresses. E is for Eva, who's ever at ease, F is for Fan, who from flirting ne'er flees. G is for Gwendoline, gorgeous and great. H is for Hope, who can heartily hate. I is for Ida, inert and inane, J is for Jolly and jocular Jane. K is for Katie, who's knowing and keen. L is for Laura, who's low lank and lean. M is for Mary, who mollifies man. N is for Neaparell nymph by name Nan. O is for Ophelia—old and obscure. P is for Phyllis, proud patient and pure. Q is for Queenie, who's queer, quaint and quiet. R is for Rose, who romps round it a riot. S is for Susan, she's solemn and staid, T is for Tesie, tall, trim, tailor-made. U is for Una (umph), ultra-ubane, V is for Violet, vacant and vain. W's Winifred, wizened and whited. X's Xantippe, Xeentric, Xcited. Y is for Yolande—but yester she "Yessed," Z is for Zara—she's zeal and she's zest. & these twenty-six girls belong solely to me, So you bet I oft study my A. B. C.

—Exchange.

Why Women Do Not Marry.

Somebody writing in London Women, declares that women are becoming more marriageable. The writer declares that they are not so ready to rush into matrimony, certainly, for their lives are no longer stunted and empty, and they are perhaps inclined to subject suitors to a little mental criticism. "I think we shall find, as the world goes on," says the writer referred to, "more happy marriages to rejoice our quality of benevolence, for the reasons that I have just stated are deep and powerful incentives to happiness. If only each sex would more fully realize the honor done to it at the altar by the other! The nicest, most chivalrous hearted men sometimes say that half their pleasure in a wife consists in taking care of her, yet one cannot help agreeing with the saying of some writer that 'a woman, in order to give her hand with dignity, must be able to stand alone.' The girl's stem complete, open-hearted and generous; a meet return for the honor, grace, and reverence which have been freely paid to her."

For Freckles.

While tomatoes are ripe and plentiful they are excellent to remove freckles and muddiness from the skin. A woman with a peachlike bloom on her skin declares she has used nothing else besides soap from her girlhood. A thorough rubbing of the skin once or twice daily while the season lasts with a ripe tomato will work wonders, and if this is found to be the very thing for certain complexions the canned may be used occasionally through the winter; those canned nearly whole must be chosen, as they are the least cooked and are more efficacious in the raw state.—Ex.

Wood That Will Not Burn.

A demonstration of the fire resisting qualities of timber prepared in accordance with a process recently patented, has been given on a large scale. Two small houses each identical in shape and dimensions, and equipped with wooden chimneys, but constructed, the one of treated timber, and the other of treated timber, were exposed to the flames of a large bonfire piled to the windward side of the building. The wooded house caught fire almost immediately, and collapsed in the course of half an hour, while the other stood the ordeal almost unharmed. A fire was then built inside the building, but even then the house did not burst into flames, and was merely charred in the end. The treatment consists in drying the lumber in a vacuum, and then impregnating it with certain salts, the nature of which is not disclosed. The appearance of the timber is not altered, and it is capable of taking as high a finish as before treatment.—Railway Gazette.

There is Nothing So Good.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, colds, consumption and for all affections of Throat, Chest and Lungs there is nothing so good as Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottle free at Glazier & Stimson's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.00.

Notice.

To the patrons of the Chelsea Water-Works Company.—We are now prepared to obtain for our patrons, fire insurance in thoroughly reliable companies on dwellings, barns and contents, at a little less than half the ruling rates in Chelsea for the past five years. Chelsea is now listed as one of the very best protected towns, by waterworks as far as extended, in Michigan. Yours for health, comfort and protection.

CHELSEA WATERWORKS COMPANY.

List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.: R. F. Beal, Northville, adjustable school desk. J. Drawe, Marine City, in valid-rest. F. X. Eckstein, Sturgis, split-pulley. H. C. Herr, Port Huron, means for making cell-cases. J. A. Palmer, Hillsdale, railway-switch. H. L. Pinney, Cass City, book-supporter. J. Rooney, Detroit, wash-out valve for steam-bollers. G. O. Snyder, Grand Ledge, pump for tubular wells. For copy of any patent send 6 cents in postage stamps with date of this paper to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington.

Odds and Ends.

Wheat harvest has begun in earnest. "Bloomer socials" are becoming popular throughout the state, but anyone who goes to one with the expectation of seeing any unusual display of hosiery will get left. The "bloomers" are not that kind but cut flowers in full bloom.—Ex.

The effect of slow and fast milking was once made subject of experiment at the Wisconsin station. In his report of the test, Prof. Babcock says: "The effect upon the yield of milk was not marked, this being about the same whether the cows were milked fast or slow, the variations being no more than might be expected if the cows had been milked in the same way for the whole time. The effect upon the quality of milk was more marked, there being in every case richer milk produced when the cow was milked fast than when milked slow. The effect was most marked with the cows giving the most milk. The cows which were the least susceptible to these changes were cows far advanced in the period of lactation that were giving but little milk when the trial was made. Calculated upon the fat yield the gain of fast milking averaged for the whole lot of cows 11.73 per cent."

Michael Minon, a French preacher, who died in Paris in 1518, was noted for his eccentricities in the pulpit and the rapidity with which he changed from humor to pathos, from the commonplace to the beautiful. "There were once pillories for swearers," he said on a certain occasion, "but if the law were enforced now two-thirds of the empire would be in the stocks and there would be the child of 5 years and the dotard of 80, who has only two teeth remaining to fling out an oath." Changing suddenly to denounce those who neglected the aged parents who had cherished them in prosperity, he said: "See the trees flourish and recover their leaves! It is their root that has produced all, but when the branches are loaded with flowers and fruits they yield nothing to the root. This is an image of those children who prefer amusement and to game away their own fortunes to giving their old parents the care which they want."—New York Ledger.

The ant is probably the most enlightened builder of all the wonderful species of insects, birds and animals who construct their own homes. Ants have been observed to use straws and sticks, which they have happened to come across in their excavations for beams to support the the ceilings of their domes. Other ants raise a structure above the surface of the ground and carefully build one story above another, containing large rooms with arched ceilings. Still others make their homes in decaying wood, in which they burrow hundreds of tiny galleries and chambers. Their muscular power, their perseverance and capacity for steady endurance, are simply wonderful; and no such rapid and perfect workers exist; for man with all his scientific skill and his tools, could never begin to accomplish in a day what these tiny creatures achieve without implements and against all manner of obstacles. Comparing the size of an ant with the size of a man, and making the same proportion in the amount of their work, not twenty men could begin to accomplish in one day the work of a single ant, for the interior of each one of their tunnels is perfectly finished; each pellet of earth is prepared almost as carefully as we prepare the bricks that line our own excavations.

Special Ordinance No. 20.

A SPECIAL ORDINANCE relative to the construction of sidewalks on the east and west sides of Main street and on the south side of Summit street in the village of Chelsea.

The village of Chelsea ordains: SECTION 1. It is hereby ordered that one hundred and sixty-five feet in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the east side of North Main street in said village in front of the tenant house premises of Charles E. Letts running north from the north west corner of Mrs. Remnant's land to the end of the old walk to be constructed of material and in manner hereinafter specified.

SECTION 2. It is further ordered that sixty-five feet in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the east side of south Main street in said village in front of the premises of August Steger more particularly known and described as follows: Lot two in block seventeen in Elisha Congdon's third addition to the village of Chelsea, the same to be constructed of material and in manner hereinafter specified.

SECTION 3. It is further ordered that eighty-three feet and six inches in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the west side of south Main street in said village in front of premises now occupied by John P. Postea as a homestead, more particularly described as follows: Bounded north by Adelia Thatcher's land, west by block six of J. M. Congdon's addition to Chelsea, south by Ernest Helmriches's land and east by Main Street the same to be constructed of material and in manner hereinafter specified.

SECTION 4. It is further ordered that sixty five feet and six inches in length of sidewalk five feet wide be laid on the south side of west Summit street in said village in front of the tenant house property of Matt Schweikerath more particularly described as follows: Bounded north by Summit street west by Mrs. Gorman's land south by lot 16 in block 6 of J. M. Congdon's second addition to Chelsea, and east by Mrs. Nelson, sr., land, the same to be constructed of material and in manner hereinafter specified.

SECTION 5. It is hereby further ordered that all said sidewalks shall be made of sound plank at least one inch in thickness and not exceeding six inches in width to have four stringers at least 2x4 inches in size and each plank nailed by at least two suitable nails to each stringer, the two out side stringers to be within two inches of the outside, and all plank to be laid cross-wise except at points where teams are to cross the same, and of the width heretofore set forth, and time allowed to the respective owners of said lands and premises to construct and lay the same shall be forty days from and after the publication of this ordinance and the service of the notice required in section 4 of ordinance No. 7 of the General ordinances of said village. This ordinance shall be obligatory and in full force unless the owners of said frontage where said walks are herein required to be built shall elect to build the same of artificial stone under the direction of and by the approval of the sidewalk committee to take the advantage of the proposition made by said village in general ordinance No. 18 entitled "An ordinance relative to the encouragement of the construction of cement or artificial stone sidewalk along the sides of streets in the village of Chelsea, and to provide for the payment by such village of a certain price per square foot for all such sidewalks hereafter constructed by owners of land in front of their respective premises," approved May 11th 1896 in which latter case the parties herein required to build walks shall have twenty additional days for the construction of the same.

SECTION 6. If the parties interested in the walks herein described shall fail or refuse to construct said walks within the time herein provided they will be constructed by said village of Chelsea, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 7 of the general ordinances of said village, approved April 28th 1894, and of the village charter.

SECTION 7. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication.

Approved this 7th day of July, 1897.

WM. BACON, President.

W. D. ARNOLD, Village Clerk.

Did You Ever.

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Glazier & Stimson's Drug Store.

The Evening News

"THE GREAT DAILY OF MICHIGAN."

The Greatest Advertising Medium

In the State is THE DETROIT EVENING NEWS. Why? Because it has by far the largest circulation. Why has it? Because it is the best daily newspaper. If you want the best, TAKE THE EVENING NEWS.

Two cents a copy.

Ten cents a week (DELIVERED).

\$1.25 for 3 months (BY MAIL).

AGENTS IN EVERY TOWN IN MICHIGAN.

The Evening News, Detroit.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1897, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Phoebe A. Tucker, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 1st day of December next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court on the 1st day of September and on the 1st day of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days. Dated Ann Arbor, June 1, A. D. 1897. H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.

Chancery Notice.

IN PURSUANCE and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, in chancery, made and entered the 20th day of January, 1897, in a certain cause therein pending, wherein Francis Beeman is complainant and Perry C. Depew and Archie W. Wilkinson defendants. Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, in the said County (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for said county is held), on Wednesday, the 11th day of August, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described real estate: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situate and being in the Township of Sylvan in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: Four acres off from the south side of the south east quarter of the south-west quarter of section twelve. Also the east half of the north-west quarter of section thirteen, excepting and reserving the south thirty-four acres thereof, heretofore sold and conveyed. O. EMER BUTTERFIELD, Circuit Court Commissioner. G. W. TURNBULL, Solicitor for Complainant.

Making Good Butter.

Mr. F. A. Leighton, formerly dairy instructor at Ames, Iowa, says: "One butter-maker will win the sweepstakes at a convention, but he does not do it the second time. Why? Because he don't know how he did it before, and when he comes to make a second rub like that he won with at the previous show, he is entirely in the dark. I believe the whole secret is in the ripening of the cream. It must certainly be possible for us to make as fine butter in some of our creameries as the classes in this country who are selling their butter for the very highest figures to a select trade. I am stumbling onto this butter about every day now and I say to you there is nothing equals it that I have seen in the west. It is no better than ours, only in flavor; the mechanical part is no better. Ours has just as good grain; is seasoned and colored and worked up just as well, but the flavor—that's the rub!"

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

Teachers' Institute.

The annual Teachers' Institute for Washtenaw County will be held in Ypsilanti, beginning August 9th and continuing one week. E. C. Thompson, conductor; Webster Cook and Margaret Wise, instructors; W. N. Lister, local committee.

Notice.

The Assessment Roll of the Village of Chelsea for the year 1897 has been received, and taxes can now be paid at my office at R. Kempf & Bros' Bank. GEO. A. BEGOLE, Treasurer.

Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Eggs, Butter, Oats, Corn, Wheat, Potatoes, Apples, Onions, Beans.

R-I-P-A-N-S - The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity. ONE GIVES RELIEF.

PATENTS - 80 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c. Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable.

REVIVO - RESTORES VITALITY. Made a Well Man of Me. THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL. Great Nerve Tonic and Blood-Builder and restores both vitality and strength to the muscular and nervous system.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 23rd day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.